THE DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER.

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By E. B. BOUST.

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

Fellow citizens—The action of the late Democratic State Convention has, as you are aware, placed me in nomination for the Chief Executive office of the State of California. At any time and under all circumstances the people are entitled to demand from every candidate for their suffrages, who aspires to a legislative or executive position, a candid exposition of his opinions on all questions which form the BASIS of our political organizations, and an explicit statement of the policy that he will adopt in the event of his election. Such a course, eminently proper in the existing situation of the country, is certainly in accordance with my own inclinations. I entertain no views which I would conceal—advocate no policy which I would fear to avow, and would accept no office obtained by the sacrifice of candor and integrity.

Inasmuch as my health at this time prevents me from making an extended canvass of the State, and conferring with you personally I desire in the present communication to record in language which no one can fail to understand, my deliberate opinions of the constitutional rights and powers of the federal and state governments, and their relative duties. It is my design, in this connection, to lay before you the line of policy which I deem proper and applicable in the management of our state affairs.—I solicit for them your impartial consideration; assuring you that, however imperfectly expressed, they are the conclusions of a judgment which seeks only the truth, and of a heart that desires, above all earthly aspirations, the *welfare of California—the perpetuity of the Federal Union, and the preservation of the Constitution with all its guarantees of liberty.* These objects can be obtained by one course only—a faithful observance of the spirit and letter of the constitution, as understood by the fathers who framed our institutions, and interpreted by the supreme court of the United States. Even in a period of profound tranquility, a deviation by any department of the government from the sphere of action prescribed for it by the organic law of the land, is attended with dangerous results. But in a time of war and extraordinary excitement, when sectional animosities are intensified, when the passions of the multitude, and the zeal of the dominant party are intolerant of any opposition, the restraints and limitations imposed by law on the federal government should be sacredly observed. A persistent disregard of them by our rulers, if sanctioned by the people, must speedily lead to revolution and anarchy, terminating in the overthrow of constitutional liberty and the dissolution of the Union. During the first sixty years of our national existence no statesman, nor prominent leader of any political party, dared to palliate, much less to justify, an encroachment by the general government on the rights of the states or the liberties of the citizen.—Indeed, such was the jealous solicitude of the fathers on this subject, that at the final session of the first Congress of the United States the following amendment to the constitution was proposed, and subsequently adopted by the requisite number of states:

"*The powers not delegated to the United States by the constitution, nor prohibited by it to the states, are reserved to the states, respectively, or to the people.*" Until the advent into power of the republican party the foregoing amendment was held not less obligatory than the grants of power to the federal government, recited in the fundamental law.

No state is more loyal or devoted to the American Union than California. She has responded with alacrity to all demands made on her patriotism, has paid with uncomplaining cheerfulness her portion of the onerous taxes levied by the government and contributed a larger amount to the National Sanitary Fund than any one of her sister states.

But while California has furnished the most gratifying evidence of an ardent and unselfish attachment to the Union, yet her citizens must have witnessed with apprehension and abhorrence repeated acts of tyranny, usurpation and corruption practiced by the republican administration and Congress at Washington City, and their officials, civil and military, throughout the United States. We have seen martial law proclaimed and the writ of *habeas corpus* suspended, the right of trial by jury denied, the sanctity of the mails violated, contributions levied on whole communities by irresponsible military subordinates, imprisonment, banishment or death inflicted on citizens accused of no crime and tried before tribunals unknown to the laws, and a system of espionage and secret police established which finds a parallel only in the annals of Asiatic despotism. Newspapers which ventured to complain of these outrages have been forcibly suppressed by order of government, or refused all mail facilities, and meetings of the people called to consider and peaceably petition for a redress of grievances have been dispersed at the point of the bayonet. Bear in mind that these wrongs have not been perpetrated alone in sections of the country where rebellion prevailed, but in loyal states of the north; not by lawless and irresponsible mobs, but publicly and shamelessly by the express order, or with the official sanction of the administration. Again, the constitution of the United States, Article 4, Sec. 3, enacts that "New States may be admitted by the Congress into this Union, but no new state shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other state, or any state be formed by the junction of two or more states, or parts of states, without the consent of the legislatures of the states concerned, as well as of Congress." In defiance of the plain prohibition of the organic law, Congress, at its last session, passed an act, which the President approved, dismembering the state of Virginia and forming within her boundaries a new state, without the consent of the Legislature. The action of the government in reference to Virginia is of peculiar significance to our people, as propositions have been advocated by leading statesmen of the republican party to dismember California by creating two new states within her limits; a measure which would add to the burthens of our tax-ridden citizens, without any corresponding benefits.

Finally, the President of the United States, by his emancipation proclamation has attempted to interfere with an institution exclusively under the control of the individual states, and has thus erected an almost impassable barrier to the reconstruction of the Union. By his plan of "compensated emancipation" the President and his party propose to tax the laboring white man in order to purchase the freedom of the negro race, and place their labor in competition with that of the white citizens of the north, thus taxed. We cannot flatter ourselves that California, if her people acquiesce in, and by their votes at the ensuing election approve these outrages, will escape from the thraldom which exists in many of our sister states of the Atlantic. Our duty as American citizens, regard for our freedom, and the sacred obligation incumbent on us to bequeath to our children the free institutions under which we have so far eminently prospered, admonish us to register at the polls our earnest protest against these tyrannical and most unwarrantable usurpations of power.

Within the last two years more than two thousand millions of dollars have been expended, and upwards of two hundred thousand of our citizen soldiers have perished on the battle fields or in military hospitals. It is no extravagant assertion that more than half of this treasure and of these invaluable lives have been sacrificed through the imbecility and corruption of the administration at Washington, and its subordinate officers. Reports of congressional committees, at an early period of the war, disclosed the mortifying fact, that partizans of the government were rewarded contracts for army and naval supplies which, resulting in vast fortunes for the contractors, have defrauded the public treasury, and entailed calamity and dishonor on the national arms. It is a significant fact, illustrative of the imbecility which has characterized the action of the federal government, that six military chieftains have successively commanded the army of the Potomac in a period of less than twenty-four months, and that while repeated misfortunes have befallen the Union forces, only one of these chieftains has been subjected to the ordeal of a court.—Indeed, information of military movements has been strenuously suppressed, and truth itself when published has been proscribed as treason. To such an extent has corruption prevailed in the ranks of the administration, that a republican Congress, in order to shield from exposure and punishment official delinquents, enacted, and the President approved, an Act to suspend in certain instances the penal laws for the prosecution of public officers. At the same session a Senator of the United States, from the state of Rhode Island, was proven to have been guilty of the grave offense of receiving a bribe to use his official influence in procuring the purchase, by the government, of arms for our troops; yet the Senator went unpunished, and a venal press which supports the administration, glossed over the crime without rebuke, and almost without a word of comment. To such an extent does corruption exist in the highest political circles of the capitol, and so notorious had become the fact, that a republican House of Representatives was constrained by the pressure of public opinion to censure, for malfeasance in office, the late Secretary of War; yet the President of the United States, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appointed this unworthy minister and dishonored man Ambassador at the court of the Russian empire.

All these accumulated evidences of alarming national degradation should claim the serious consideration of every true citizen of the republic and of all who seek to save their country from certain destruction. Let us labor then for a return to national justice, for a strict adherence to national honesty, and let us solemnly resolve to accord to all our people and to all the states their sacred and inalienable rights. This will be the first advance towards opening the way for an honorable peace for the lasting reunion of our beloved country, and for the final adjustment of all the difficulties that have divided the republic.

The democratic state convention which assembled at Sacramento City on the 8th of the present month, adopted and published to the world the following resolutions. They constitute the basis of the democratic organization in this state. They enunciate, in plain and unequivocal language, principles which meet my entire approbation. If elected I shall feel myself bound, by every consideration of honor and duty, to respect and maintain them:

Resolved, That the democracy of the state of California are in favor of an unalterable adherence to the constitution of the United States, with all its guarantees of civil liberty unimpaired.

Resolved, That we are in favor of the restoration and preservation of the whole American Union; that we recognize to its fullest extent the right and duty of the government to resist by every constitutional mode rebellion or insurrection against its lawful supremacy; but we recognize that right solely for the purpose of restoring its constitutional authority, and for no other purpose whatsoever.

Resolved, That it is the duty of the state of California, as a member of the Union, to yield obedience to all constitutional acts of Congress and the Federal Executive, and that any individual, of any party, who shall endeavor to incite insurrection or rebellion within her borders, or disaffection and discord among her people, is a traitor to her best interests.

Resolved, That the aim and object of the democratic party is to preserve the Federal Union and the rights of the several States unimpaired; and they hereby declare that they do not consider the administrative usurpation of extraordinary and dangerous powers not granted by the Constitution—the subversion of the the civil by the military law in states not in insurrection or rebellion—the arbitrary military arrest, imprisonment, trial and sentence of American citizens in such states where civil law exists in full force and reign—the suppression of freedom of speech and the liberty of the press—the open and avowed disregard of state rights—the fanatical attempt to place the negro on a social and political equality with the white race—and the employment of unusual test oaths—as calculated to preserve or restore a union of the several states or perpetuate a government "deriving its just powers from the consent of the governed."

Resolved, That we are opposed to all secret political organizations and societies, as dangerous to the liberties of the people and destructive to our republican form of government.

Resolved, That we claim and demand as inalienable rights, freedom of thought, freedom of speech, of the press, and further declare that government agents should at all times be held to a strict accountability to the people, and that all errors of such agents should be liable to the full and free discussion for the purpose of correction by the ballot-box.

Resolved, That we denounce and unqualifiedly condemn the Emancipation Proclamation of the President of the United States as tending to protract indefinitely civil war, incite servile insurrection and inevitably close the door forever to a restoration of the union of these States.

Resolved, That we disapprove of all Congressional laws tending to substitute a paper currency in California in place of our own metalic circulating medium.

Resolved, That the spirit and meaning of the Democratic Platform of this State are comprised in the words, "The Constitution as it is and the Union as it was."

There are other subjects of grave public importance, not directly embraced in the above resolutions. Permit me, before closing this communication, to lay before you my views in reference to them, soliciting that patient and serious consideration which it becomes a free people to bestow on all questions that may vitally affect their present and future prosperity.

When California became a sovereign member of the American Confederacy, she was endowed with all the rights and privileges enjoyed by any of the original thirteen states. By virtue of that sovereignty she is entitled to all the mineral wealth within her boundaries. Such is the opinion of successive legislatures that have expressed, through various enactments, their views on the subject, and such has been the solemn adjudication of the Supreme Court of the state. Thus far the state has guarded this right with the most jealous care. She holds it in trust for the benefit of her citizens, leaving them perfectly free to work and develop the mines as their own judgments may dictate, exacting no tribute from parties in possession, and acquiescing in the local laws made by the miners themselves for the management and government of their respective districts. Any interference with the mines, then, by the federal government, could result only in unmitigated evil. It would impair, if not destroy all mining titles now existing, and checking all future developments of this the chief source of our wealth and prosperity, virtually striking at the very foundations of our established greatness, and substituting for the present active energy of our people, wide-spread confusion and desolation. I shall, therefore, if elected to the Gubernatorial office, support and recommend the policy heretofore pursued by the state on this subject. It shall be my care, under all circumstances to maintain the miners in the sole and undisputed possession of their claims, undisturbed by any edicts or orders of federal authority, and exempt from any control or taxation by the federal government. I am induced to be thus explict on this subject from various indications which have recently occurred, foreshadowing a disposition on the part of the present administration, to assert a control over the mines, with a view to raise extraordinary revenue for governmental purposes. Such a course of policy will not be tolerated by our citizens, and if persisted in, will result disastrously to the material interests of the state. My own opinion is fixed and unalterable, that "TO THE MINERS BELONG THE MINES," and if elected to the Chief Magistracy of the State, I pledge myself to employ all the power which the constitution and the laws may confer on me to the maintenance and enforcement of this policy.

There is another subject of vast importance to all classes of our citizens, and of special interest to the laboring white population of California. Recent events in the Atlantic states indicate an immigration to our shores of a large number of the negro race. The destructive and unconstitutional policy of the administration has released from servitude many thousands of this unfortunate race, in the border and other southern states. They follow our armies from their old homes to the free states.—There they are not permitted to remain, and consequently will, unless prohibitory measures are adopted, seek an asylum in California.—While duty enjoins us to act with kindness toward those of African descent who are already within our borders, sound judgment teaches that it is impolite to permit the immigration into our state of a race which must ever remain a separate and inferior caste. The immediate and most obvious effect of their presence will be to bring their labor into a ruinous competition with that of our worthy industral classes; a result which must be deplored by all who regard the material prosperity and moral advancement of the laboring population as one of the noblest objects of a state's legislation. In the event of my election, I shall use my personal and official influence, as far as it may be legitimately exerted, to procure the passage of laws to discourage the immigration of all such persons.—It will be my proudest ambition to aid in making California in every respect, what the pioneers of the state designed it should be, the home of a happy, enlightened and patriotic race of white freemen.

As the federal taxes, which our citizens will be required to pay for many years to come, will necessarily be onerous in the extreme, I shall, if elected, endeavor to administer the state government with a view to the strictest economy. To the attainment of this end I shall advocate and earnestly recommend to the legislative department of the state, a thorough revision of the revenue laws, the abolishment of all useless offices, and the reduction of salaries whenever practicable. During the last session of the Legislature franchises of great value have been lavishly granted to individuals; in many instances with such reckless disregard of the wishes or welfare of the people as to induce a reasonable suspicion that corrupt appliances had influenced the legislative action. Again, the Legislature, with the sanction of the Governor, has made appropriations anticipating the ordinary revenues of the state for years to come. It requires no argument to illustrate the pernicious result of such a system. These abuses must be corrected or the state will be involved in hopeless bankruptcy. Whether a party which has inaugurated them can be safely entrusted with their reformation, is a question which remains for you to determine.

Fellow-citizens, if ever there was a time in our history which demanded from the people of California the exercise of enlightened reason and exalted patriotism, the present is that period. The ordinary issues of a State canvass sink into insignificance when compared to the consequences dependent on the result of the approaching September election. It will determine by what principles, and under what rules the Government of California shall be administered for the ensuing four years. More than that: it will exercise an important influence on the public opinion of the Eastern States, and possibly on the destinies of the nation. Your very isolation from the tumultuous passions, and scenes of sanguinary violence, prevalent in other sections of the Union, will bestow dignity and power on any judgment you may render. Decide, then, whether you will adhere to a party, the leaders of which ruthlessly trample upon the most sacred guarantees of liberty, or whether you will support the National Democracy in their efforts to arrest the progress of a despotism which threatens to subvert every vestige of freedom that yet remains in the American Confederacy. Decide, as far as your votes can determine the question, whether the internecine war which desolates our unhappy country shall be waged for the preservation of that Constitution, and the restoration of that Union, which your fathers ordained; or whether it shall be conducted in a spirit of fanaticism, which abhors and rejects alike the dictates of of humanity and the usages of civilized nations, with no other objects than the emancipation of four millions of negro slaves of the South, and the establishment of a consolidated military despotism in the North. Whatever may be your decision, my fervent prayer is that Heaven will vouchsafe to our beloved country a speedy deliverance from her present troubles, and to California and her sister communities on the Pacific the continuance of *peace, prosperity and liberty.*

JOHN G. DOWNEY.

July 13th, 1863.

AN old bachelor says he doesn't wonder that married men over thirty-five years of age are placed in the second class conscripts under the new conscription law. They have suffered enough for their country.

NEGRO EQUALITY—THE FIRST STEP.

SPEECH OF

HON. CHARLES C. DUDLEY, Of Placer,

Delivered in the Assembly, March 4th, 1863.

The House having under consideration Senate Bill No. 2, amendatory of the 'Civil Practice Act,' so as to admit the testimony of Negroes against White Men in Courts of Justice, Mr. DUDLEY, of Placer, moved that the bill be indefinitely postponed, and the questioned having been stated, he addressed the House as follows:

MR. SPEAKER:—I must confess that I have failed to perceive the gleam of sunlight, so vividly portrayed by the imagination of the gentleman from Sacramento, Mr. Warwick, but the prospect of the passage of the bill, now under consideration, rather discovers, to my vision ebon clouds of lowering darkness coming upon the people.

Judging from the character and sentiment which has seemed to animate this Legislature, I deem it of little use to discuss the merits or demerits of the bill now under consideration; but justice to the people of the county of Placer, whom in part I have the honor to represent—as well as to my own feelings—requires that I should not only record my vote against it but raise my voice in opposition to the principle and policy which animates and underlies the whole matter. The bill under consideration proposes to open our courts of Justice to the reception of a mass of testimony to be given by "negroes and mulattoes" against white men. Such a course is not only against what has been hitherto the statute law of our own, but against the policy pursued by most of the other free States of the Union. A bill similar in character and intention was before the Legislature at the last year's session. I opposed it then from what I considered to be good and sufficient reasons; but sir, if then I had entertained serious, or any doubts, as to the justness of my course, events have since transpired in our nation and state, connected with this race of persons, which would now confirm me in the belief that I acted wisely.

There are now in California about 5,000 persons of African descent which this bill proposes to place upon terms of perfect equality before the courts with the white citizen. These persons under our constitution are free—free as you and I, sir, to pursue such vocations as may suit their inclinations or capacity for a livelihood; they are mostly engaged in the lower order of pursuits, from habit and inclination, but are contented and unaspiring; they possess and represent but little wealth; here as everywhere else, where they have come in contact with the superior races, they are generally controlled thereby; they have strong passions, weak intellects; strong attachments and hates. They are a race of people whom nature has marked as inferior—who incapable of progress or intellectual development as their history has shown and between whom and ourselves nature has placed an impassable difference; and therefore I say, that the admission of the testimony of such a people in our courts untrammeled, will oftener result in thwarting than advancing the ends of justice.

We have in California another class, the Chinese, existing in no other state in the Union to any extent. According to the latest and best information they number sixty thousand persons. These latter are a peculiar race—possessing no mean intellects—very generally educated to read and write their own language—quick of perception, and possessing great wealth. I regret to say, but candor compels me to admit that the Chinese in this State have enjoyed no such rights of person and property at the hands of the citizens as the Negroes in our midst. They have been an ill treated and often abused people. Now, sir, by the bill now under consideration you propose to admit the five thousand Negroes with weak intellects, susceptible of perfect control by superior minds, with little wealth or enterprise, who have endured no hardships from the position, to testify in our courts against white men. You obliterate, so far as the judiciary is concerned, all and every distinction between the white and black races. The reason urged by many in support of this course is, "that it is one step in the right direction, to be following by a still fuller measure of justice hereafter," and by all who support the bill, it is demanded as an act of *justice* due to the weak from the strong—from the superior to the inferior race. On the other hand you exclude the sixty thousand Chinese, whose rights of person and property have not been respected—who have endured great hardships—who possess in our State great wealth—a keen, enterprising, intelligent, producing people from the privileges you are about to grant to the African. What then, I ask you, becomes of your boasted plea of "justice" to the inferior races? Sir, may we not reasonably infer from the debate thus far, and from the progress of events in this and other states, that there is underlying and animating this action, a sentiment of favoritism for the African, and purpose of "equality?" which has so fearfully progressed, and boldly unmasks itself in these hallsand in this nation. Do you ask if I would admit the Chinese into courts to testify against the citizen. I answer, no, I would exclude both races. There is nothing of necessity, either civil or military, requiring it. I regard it as unwise, impolitic and justly repugnant to the sense of the white man, and never shall it be said, that either by word or vote, I have aided in any manner this "first step," or will sanction any act henceforth to interfere with or break down the barriers erected by the God of Nature—recognized by our law-givers and sanctioned by the intelligence of ages, socially and politically to separate and distinguish the superior from the inferior races.

Sir, I recognize in this move, the first step on the Pacific coast, towards the elevation of the negro to all the rights and privileges enjoyed by the white citizen. The gentleman from Sacramento, Mr. Warwick, who opened this debate, "demanded the passage of this bill as an act of partial justice to the colored race to be followed by a still fuller measure of justice hereafter." The gentleman following him, Mr. J. J. Owen, of Santa Clara, in an elaborate and carefully written speech, declares that he "believes all men born under the protecting ægis of the American flag were entitled to equal political privileges, and although that principle was not involved in this bill, yet he heartily supported the measure, because it was one step in the right direction."

These gentlemen are representative men, justly noted for their ability and political acumen, than whom none stand higher in the estimation and confidence of the dominant party in the Assembly, and they are justly presumed to express the sentiments and views of the political organization now in power in this State and Nation. Sir, while I admire their frankness, I can but shudder at the thought of their principles being carried into execution.

California by her fundamental law has decreed that the institution of slavery shall never stain her soil. The energy, perseverence and intelligence of the white race sought and acquired the territory on which we stand; the wheel of civilization has rolled westward, following the course of the star of Empire, nor have its revolutions ceased for awhile but to cool its axle in the waters of the Pacific ocean. That enterprise which sought and acquired, has planted here a State, mighty in its infancy, and transformed those heretofore unexplored plains into a paradise, and from these hills replenished the world's treasury.

As the lion in the creation "half appeared from the grassy clods pawing to get free, then springs as broke from bonds and rampant shakes

many have gone forth in the morning and returned home to lay down upon beds of sickness for months! We would remind our readers, that, for a family medicine, nothing can equal SCOVILL'S BLOOD AND LIVER SYRUP. Of Humors it is a sure exterminator. Scrofula and Cancer, Rheumatism and Neuralgia, are all cured by this magical remedy. REDINGTON & CO., Agents, 416 and 418 Front street, San Francisco. dec1-6m

DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS IS HIGHLY RECOMMENDED BY CITIZENS WHOSE NAMES AND RESIDENCES WILL BE FOUND IN THE PAMPHLETS, GIVING EVIDENCE OF ASTONISHING CURES OF CONSUMPTION, BY USING THIS REMEDY.

Union and the Constitution, and interests of her own and sister States is best pictured in the tented field, and by the valor of her sons on many a battle ground, did once take the first step towards negro elevation; but Illinois has rent the black bonds, and dispersed the lowering cloud of abolitionism. The right of the negro to testify against the citizen no longer obtains in that State; and more than that, she has, by a clause in her constitution, prohibited free negroes from entering her territory, and even in certain cases provided for their sale beneath the hammer for the purpose of sending them to their abolition friends, who love and have enticed them from their masters, or to their secession owners who desire their presence only so long as they can make them useful and profitable.

Mr. Speaker, if it were possible to separate the legal from the political aspect of the question now under consideration, viewed fairly as a legal proposition, the bill now before us would become divested of much of its repugnance: but sir, the observer of the rise and progress of the abolition party in this nation for the last thirty years founded as it was upon the abolition of the institution of slavery at any cost of civil discord and blood-shed, the equality of the races, the daily acts of the Administration, all tending to that consummation, the attitude of the same party now in power in this State and upon the floor of the halls of this Legislature, the debates upon this question, cannot but say, that it has ceased to be a *legal*, and has become purely a *political* question. No indiscriminate sense of "justice to the inferior races," as we have seen, animates the advocates of this measure. Upon the corner stone of the abolition organization, the party in power have made unto themselves a dark and graven image, which stands as—

——"On the other side, Satan alarmed,
Collecting all his might, dilated stood:
Like Yeneriff or Atlas, unremoved:
His stature reached the sky, and on his crest
Sat horror plumed; nor wanted in his grasp
What seemed both spear and shield."

It has been claimed that in the formation of the so called "Union Administration party" in this State, party lines and political tenets have been obliterated, but

"You may break, you may shatter the vase if you will,
But the scent of the roses will hang round it still."

So the scent of abolitionism has permeated that entire organization.

"It smells to Heaven" from every tainted breeze that stirs their standard sheet. It has floated upon the angry wave of sectional fanaticism from Massachusetts, and finds a happy lodgment in the party in power in this State.—We may reasonably judge that in the event of the perpetuation of the powers that be in California, the next step towards a "more fuller restoration of justice to the colored race" will be in imitation of another feature of Massachusetts law, which permits a negro to vote after one year's residence, but compells a foreigner, from Germany, Ireland, France, or Italy—such as are now "baring their breasts even in the very aim and flash of death," for our Flag and Union—to remain five years before voting.

There are, no doubt many sailing on the ship of power, who would evade the rocks and pestilence of the port of Africa; but sir, it is not in the province of genius to conceive any consistency in that representative who, like the one from Placer, exclaimed "all hail to the proclamation of freedom," issued with utter indifference as to law, and who endorses the action of the President in thrusting his arm into the treasury, grasping the money of the people, already groaning under the burthen of a still increasing debt, *to buy negroes*; and then cringingly vote against the bill in question. It is a spaniel-like illustration of courage—slinking from an act, consummating the darling object of the heart's desire. Sir, I can hold a respect for him who supports this bill from honest, though I believe mistaken motives; but for him who will vote against it, and in the same breath by word and vote sustain the Administration in its monstrous abolition strides, taxing a people, already bleeding at every pore, for the purpose of converting this great and free government into a speculator in human chattels, buying and inviting millions of slaves from the South where they are no longer useful, and turning them loose and uncared for into the free North, to compete with and degrade free white labor, there can be none other than feelings of loathing and disgust.

Mr. Speaker, hitherto when our country has been disturbed by the schemes of ambitious men, and the threatening turmoil of political zealots, even now, when she is "rent with civil feuds and drenched in fraternal blood," we often turn with pain and humiliation from the

halls of Congress and State Legislatures, when we see the legislator forgetting the majesty of his function, forgetting his relation to a vast and growing community, and sacrificing to his party or himself the public weal; and behold with unbounded hope, an abiding confidence in our constant justice. By preserving the independence of the judiciary from the legislative or political influence or power, and by frowning upon the first attempt to impregnate partizan dogmas therein, the American judge will still stand like pyramids erected on Alps. Wo's, woe, to the impious hand, which would thrust into the last fountain of our country's hope, the poison of political strife.

Dutch Flat Enquirer.

E. H. ROUST, . . . EDITOR.

THURSDAY, AUG. 13, 1863.

☞ To HAMILTON, the favorite of the people, will address our citizens on Saturday evening next. Subject—the Patriotism of Democratic principles, and the Treason of Abolitionism.

PATIENCE IN MILKING.—A writer says that a cow was cured of holding up her milk by patiently milking her until she ceased to hold it, and by continuing the practice she has become an easy, regular, and good cow.

TOMATO ECONOMY.—A correspondent of the *New England Farmer* says, that after trying all methods of training, he finds it best to let the vines take their own course over brushwood placed for them to run upon.

SALT FOR CABBAGE.—A correspondent of the *Farmer and Gardener* tested the value of salt on cabbage, with satisfactory results: After planting them out he watered them some two or three times a week with salt water, containing about fifteen grains to a pint. The cabbages grew beautifully and headed very nicely; while those which had no salt water given them produced loose, open heads, which were unfit for any other purpose than boiling. Rain water was given at the same time, and in the same quantities, as the salt water. He does not know how strong a solution of salt the cabbages will bear without injury, but is fully satisfied that a solution no stronger than he used it decidedly benefitted the crop.

TRANSPLANTING OF TREES.—Sir Joseph Paxton and other English horticulturists were, we believe, the first who attempted, or at any rate practiced the system of removing large trees from one place to another; but during the last few years it has been practiced in Paris to an extent unknown elsewhere. In Spring and Autumn the transplanting trucks, or wheeled frames as seen in all directions, and the Champs Elysees, the Boulevards, and the various squares recently laid out in many parts of the town, are thronged by thousands of noble trees, which would have become so poetically degraded that they no longer believe in that instrument.

☞ NOTICE the advertisement of F. Buckhalter. He keeps almost everything that you can call for, from a darning needle to an anvil, from a zephyr to a whirlwind, from a stick of candy to hogshead of sugar, from a soda cracker to tons of flour, from a tin dipper to a tin shop, all of which he offers cheap for cash—except the zephyr.

☞ We call attention of our readers to the able speech of Hon. C. C. Dudley, delivered in the Assembly of this State on the "Negro Bill." It will repay a careful perusal.

THINKS IT'S A FAILURE.—The Green Lake *Spectator*, one of the stiffest kind of republican sheets, gets mad because Old Abe refused to have the Chicago *Times* suppressed, and this is the way the editor pitches into "the government:"

"For ourselves, we believe that the issuing of this order was worse to our cause than any defeat in the field we have ever suffered. Here-after men of political influence can talk what they please, discouragement enlistments in any manner, damn the government and bless the rebels after plans, discouragement enlistments in any manner, damn the government and bless the rebels to their hearts content, with perfect impunity. This administration is so weak, feeble, vacillating, that even its friends find it difficult to help defending it. With the exception of those who live on 'greenbacks,' we don't believe there are enough men in the country to form a regiment, who do not believe the administration is a miserable, contemptible failure. If we believed that the democratic party was a patriotic as courageous, we should pray morning, noon, and night, to all the powers above and beneath, to hurry up the next Presidential election. All this administration seems to think of is to sin and repent. All it seems to be capable of doing is to issue 'greenbacks,' and bury soldiers."

Bully for that abolitionist.

ARE YOU INSURED?—Persons who are not insured can have their premises or goods insured against loss by fire by applying at this office. This matter should be of importance to all our citizens, and one about which they should naturally be solicitous. See advertisement.

THANKS TO A FAILURE.—The Green Lake *Spectator*, one of the stiffest kind of republican sheets, gets mad because Old Abe refused to have the Chicago *Times* suppressed, and this is the way the editor pitches into "the government:"

"For ourselves, we believe that the issuing of this order was worse to our cause than any defeat in the field we have ever suffered. Hereafter men of political influence can talk what they please, discouragement enlistments in any manner, damn the government and bless the rebels to their hearts content, with perfect impunity. This administration is so weak, feeble, vacillating, that even its friends find it difficult to help defending it. With the exception of those who live on 'greenbacks,' we don't believe there are enough men in the country to form a regiment, who do not believe the administration is a miserable, contemptible failure. If we believed that the democratic party was as patriotic as courageous, we should pray morning, noon, and night, to all the powers above and beneath, to hurry up the next Presidential election. All this administration seems to think of is to sin and repent. All it seems to be capable of doing is to issue 'greenbacks,' and bury soldiers."

Bully for that abolitionist.

ARE YOU INSURED?—In the coming election the people of Placer want to know, beyond all cavil, who are their friends. Those of them who are closely identified with the interests of the county, who own property, and intend to make their homes here, are naturally solicitous that the resources of our county be developed, developed, that the mineral, agricultural, mechanical and commercial branches be encouraged and fostered, and those who apply for the sufferges of the citizens should be able to show a clean record in this respect, or to show a clean record in this sincerity in advocating the interest of the county in the future. Can Mr. Xule, the candidate for Senatorial honors, present a record to our people as to warrant him in expecting the support of the permanent citizens of the county, and especially the voters of Dutch Flat? We think not. In this connection, we desire to call the attention of our readers generally, and that of the people of Dutch Flat particularly to the fact that when the bill donating five hundred thousand dollars toward the building of the Pacific Railroad came up on its passage in the Assembly last winter, Mr. Yule was the *only man who voted against it*.—Judge Tlae was seated by his side at the time, and whether that gentleman's influence was sufficient to induce Yule to forget or dismiss that gentleman's indifference to our interests, we will not say, but the fact is no less patent, Mr. Yule voted against the bill, Mr. Hale was seated by his side, and opposed to its passage. For the truth of the above statement we refer to Mr. Charles Crocker, of Sacramento.

WHO ARE OUR FRIENDS?—In the coming election the people of Placer want to know, beyond all cavil, who are their friends. Those of them who are closely identified with the interests of the county, who own property, and intend to make their homes here, are naturally solicitous that the resources of our county be developed, that the mineral, agricultural, mechanical and commercial branches be encouraged and fostered, and those who apply for the sufferges of the citizens should be able to show a clean record in this respect, or to show a clean record in this sincerity in advocating the interest of the county in the future. Can Mr. Xule, the candidate for Senatorial honors, present a record to our people as to warrant him in expecting the support of the permanent citizens of the county, and especially the voters of Dutch Flat? We think not. In this connection, we desire to call the attention of our readers generally, and that of the people of Dutch Flat particularly to the fact that when the bill donating five hundred thousand dollars toward the building of the Pacific Railroad came up on its passage in the Assembly last winter, Mr. Yule was the *only man who voted against it*.—Judge Tlae was seated by his side at the time, and whether that gentleman's influence was sufficient to induce Yule to forget or dismiss that gentleman's indifference to our interests, we will not say, but the fact is no less patent, Mr. Yule voted against the bill, Mr. Hale was seated by his side, and opposed to its passage. For the truth of the above statement we refer to Mr. Charles Crocker, of Sacramento.

PROGRESS OF CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD.—The following facts about this road we take from the San Francisco *Star*, the statement appears to come direct from reliable sources:

The Secretary of the Central Pacific Railroad reports (August 3d, 1863,) that the Company has purchased 6,000 tons of iron, a considerable portion of which is already on the way here, and the balance to be forwarded at the rate of 500 tons per month; that the chairs and spikes necessary to the laying of this iron are also purchased and a portion already on hand, and if he has the let the "cat out the bag" too soon, it is owing to the habits he acquired while he was a Democrat, the motto of that party being "Keep nothing from the people which concerns the policy and measures to be pursued by the Government." But the fact is, he has "split the fat into the fire," the Abolitionists have this kept from the people until they have taxed sufficiently now to meet current expenses without raising money to be appropriated to interest to pay the interest alone? We are in a fund more than ten times, and thereby creation more than ten times, and thereby creation more than ten times, and thereby creation of a cent; increasing the rate of taxquarters of a cent; increasing the rate of taxmill, and then compel the people to pay three just or legal to levy a tax of three-quarters of a millions of dollars, to be appropriated? Is it carry, how is the surplus, amounting to two millions of dollars, to be appropriated? Is it not only endorses the introduction of negro testimony as a set-off to white evidence, but is in favor of admitting the testimony of Chinamen and Digger Indians! White men of Placer county! will you endorse a man who, if elected, will do all in his power to drag you down to the debasing level of the Negro, Chinese and the Indian? Will you support a man for office cheer for the Union, which was responded to by all the Democrats present.

On motion, the committee was instructed to report the result of their labors on Monday next, to a meeting to be called for that purpose.

There being no further business the meeting adjourned to meet on Monday evening, Aug. 17th, 1863, at 8 o'clock, P. M.

E. L. BRADLEY, *Chairman.*

E. B. BOUST, *Sec'y.*

This meeting inaugurates what will result in great benefit to every class of our citizens. And we were greatly pleased to see the unanimity of feeling which prevailed with only heaviest property holders. All seemed fully convinced of the necessity of the enterprise, and expressed themselves in terms as warrant us in saying the road will be made. Now is the time for those doing business to take hold of this matter and contribute with their means to the construction of a work that will be the means of swarming our streets with travel and enlivening the business of all classes. We have now an opportunity of making our town one of the most thriving in the mountains by pursuing a course that is as plain as the interests of those located here could ask. With a small display of public spiritedness we create for the neighboring towns a depot where all the necessaries and luxuries of life may be obtained at a difference of cost but insignicant with prices in the cities. This, we believe, will be the final attempt to do anything in this matter by those at present engaged in it, and we hope the people generally will manifest enough second interest to carry it through.

Agreeable to a public notice, a portion of the citizens of this place met at the Golden Eagle Hall on Monday evening, August 10th, and organized by electing E. L. Bradley chairman, and E. B. Boust, Secretary. The chairman stated briefly the object of the meeting to be the purpose of constructing a suitable road to connect Dutch Flat with the Dutch Flat and Donner Lake Turnpike at each end of the town.

On motion of Allen Towle a committee of five was appointed, consisting of the following gentlemen, to select a suitable route for such road and to estimate the probable cost of the same: Allen Towle, B. H. Bartlett, J. Jones, L. Arnstein, and F. Gross.

On motion, the committee was instructed to report at this place on Wednesday, 2nd day of September next; those voting for the same shall have written or printed on their ballots for State officers, the words: "*For Asylum Building Act*," and those voting against the same, shall have written or printed on their ballots for State officers, the words: "*Against Asylum Building Act.*"

Governor Stanford has simply done his duty under the law, and given notice to the people that such a proposition was to be voted upon.—He could do no otherwise.

"We think, however, it is the duty of every man in this State, to inform the people of this fact, so that the matter may be fully understood by the people, and the question of a grave error in the first issue of the Placer *Herald*, and hasten to lay the matter before our readers. It has nothing to do with the politics of the day, being merely one of those mistakes which cannot be accounted for. The Legislature certainly never intended that the people should be taxed over one million of dollars to pay the interest accruing on ninety thousand. As corrupt as the members of that body are accused of having been, no one would be so uncharitable as to say an error of this nature at their door. It would be well for the voters at the next election to vote the present proposition down, and let the succeeding Legislature correct the error and again present the matter for their endorsement. Every man who is properly imbued with feelings of humanity or who has just conceptions of the principles of christianity will come forward with alacrity to liquidate this same error. No man in the State is more overrated than Mr. Boust, Secretary. The chairman of the meeting

Dutch Flat Enquirer.

AGENCIES.

THOS. BOYCE is our authorized agent for San Francisco, through whom all business connected with this paper in that city must be transacted.

W. B. LYON, of Iowa Hill, is our authorized agent for that place and vicinity, all orders left with him for printing, advertising, and subscriptions will be promptly attended to.

E. B. HOPKINSON is the authorized agent for the ENQUIRER for the towns of Little York, You Bet and Red Dog.

O. W. Hollenbeck, of Gold Run, is our authorized agent for that place and vicinity, to receive subscriptions and receipt for the same.

A. O. Mallenberg is our authorized agent for Last Chance, Michigan Bluff and vicinities, to receive subscriptions and receipt for the same.

A MELANCHOLY case of suicide occurred Friday morning at 9 o'clock, in Sacramento city, in a room under the grand stand at the Stock Grounds. George W. Bidwell, well known throughout the State as a stock-owner and driver at races, put an end to his mortal existence by shooting himself in the head. When he committed the deed, Bidwell was alone in the room, and when found he was just expiring. He placed the muzzle of the pistol to his right ear, and the ball passing through the base of the brain remained inside the skull. For several weeks past he had been depressed in spirits, from the fact that he thought he had not been treated properly. He was about 46 years of age. Bidwell has a brother and son in that city, and a wife and other children in the Eastern States. He will be readily recognized by those acquainted with the California turf as having been driver at several grand and important races. This afternoon the Coroner will hold an inquest on the body. As soon as it was seen that Bidwell had shot himself, a horseman was at once sent for Dr. Simmons, who arrived at the course in fifteen minutes, but too late to be of any professional service.

DUEL.—An affair of honor (?) is reported in the Virginia *Bulletin* as having been attempted in that place on Saturday last, between Goodman, editor of the *Enterprise* and Tom Fitch of the *Union*. They had been telling a few unwholesome things about each other, and Tom didn't think himself even, and so challenged his brother editor. The meeting took place in some obscure cañon, but everybody knew about it and the officers had only to march out about the time appointed for first shots and nip the belligerents. The *Bulletin* don't report any indignation concerning the arbitrary arrest like that professed by copperheads in these days.

Reduction in Prices to Subscribers.

ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE FOLLOWing list of American and Foreign Periodicals, for which I receive subscriptions. Permanent arrangements having been made by the United States Government for the carrying of the mails from the Atlantic States by steamer three times a month, I am enabled to receive subscriptions at a much lower rate than formerly. The same care and attention will be paid to the forwarding of all packages, for which this establishment has gained such an enviable reputation throughout the Pacific Coast.

ATLANTIC PERIODICALS.

	PER YEAR.
Harper's Monthly Magazine	$3 50
Godey's Lady's Book	3 50
Atlantic Monthly	3 50
Leslie's Family Magazine	3 50
Knickerbocker Magazine	3 50
Continental Monthly	3 50
Peterson's Ladies' Magazine	3 00
Arthur's Home Magazine	3 00
Ladies' Repository	3 50
Tales of the Day	3 50
Monthly Novelette	3 00
Eclectic Magazine	6 00
Hunts' Merchants' Magazine	6 00
Bankers' Magazine	6 00
Le Bon Ton	6 00
Brownson's Review	3 00
Braithwaite Retrospect	3 00
Turf Register (yearly)	2 00
Ballou's Magazine	2 50
Yankee Notions (comic)	2 50
Leslie's Budget of Fun (comic)	2 50
Nic Nax (comic)	2 50
Comic Monthly	2 50
Phunny Phellow (comic)	2 50
New York Weekly Herald	3 00
New York Police Gazette	3 50
New York Clipper	3 50
New York Home Journal	3 50
New York Weekly Tribune	3 50
New York Sunday Atlas	3 50
New York Sunday Times	3 50
New York Sunday Dispatch	3 50
New York Sunday Mercury	3 50
New York Sunday Courier	3 50
New York Weekly Times	3 50
New York World	3 50
New York Journal of Commerce	3 50
New York Independent	3 50
New York Leader	3 00
New York Ledger	3 00
New York Leslie's Pictorial	3 50
New York Harper's Weekly	3 50
New York Illustrated News	3 50
New York Zeitung (German)	3 50
New York Demokrat	3 50
New York Criminal Zeitung	3 50
New York Family Blatter	3 50
New York Vanity Fair	3 50
New York Irish American	3 50
New York Scientific American	3 50
New York Wilkes' Spirit of the Times	3 50
New York Tablet	3 50
New York Country Gentleman	3 50
New York Weekly	3 50
New York Mercury	3 50
New York Herald of Progress	3 50
New York Scottish American Journal	5 00
New York Albion	6 00
New York Eco d'Italia (italian)	8 00
New York La Cronica (Spanish)	12 00
Boston Weekly Journal	3 50
Boston Flag of our Union	3 50
Boston Pilot	3 50
Boston Waverly Magazine	3 50
Boston Banner of Light	3 50
Boston True Flag	3 50
Boston Investigator	3 50
Boston Literary Companion	3 50
Boston Littell's Living Age	7 00
Philadelphia Forney's War Press	3 50
Philadelphia Dollar Newspaper	3 00
Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post	3 50
Baltimore Weekly Sun	3 50
Louisville Weekly Journal	3 50
Cincinnati Weekly Commercial	3 00
St. Louis Weekly Republican	3 50

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

London Illustrated News, with supplements	$14 00
London Weekly Dispatch	13 00
London Illustrated News of the World	14 00
London Illustrated Times	12 00
London Weekly Times	10 00
London Bell's Life	13 00
London Athenæum	12 00
London Punch	8 00
London once a Week	8 00
Liverpool Wilmer and Smith's Times	15 00
Dublin Nation	13 00
Cornhill Magazine	6 00
Temple Bar Magazine	6 00
St. James Magazine	6 00
London Lancet	6 00
London World of Fashion	6 00
All the Year Round, Dickens	6 00
London Art Journal	10 00
Blackwood's Magazine	4 00
Westminster Quarterly Review	3 00
North British Quarterly Review	3 00
Edinburgh Quarterly Review	3 00
London Quarterly Review	3 00
The four Reviews and Blackwood	13 00

Subscriptions received for all the San Francisco Dailies, at publishers' prices.

Any Newspaper, Magazine or Review not mentioned in the above list will be furnished to order. Orders of Books, Music, Fancy Articles, &c., filled promptly at the lowest market rates. Subscriptions payable invariably in advance. Address.

J. STRATMAN,
News Agent, San Francisco.

County Democratic Ticket.

For Senators,
HON. CHARLES C. DUDLEY,
Of Iowa Hill.
ELISHA L. BRADLEY,
Of Dutch Flat.

For Assemblymen,
STEPHEN A. BOUTWELL,
Of the Plains.
DANA PERKINS,
Of Auburn Station.
JAMES C. BALL,
Of the Plains.

For County Judge,
H. FITZSIMMONS,
Of Forest Hill.

For Sheriff,
HENRY GOODING,
Of Auburn.

For Clerk,
A. HUNTLEY,
Of Forest Hill.

For Treasurer,
E. M. BANVARD,
Of Auburn.

For Recorder,
WILLIAM H. PATTON,
Of Iowa Hill.

For District Attorney,
JO. HAMILTON,
Of Auburn.

For Superintendent of Common Schools,
D. W. HAMMOND,
Of Dutch Flat.

For Public Administrator,
CHARLES T. PALMER,
Of Auburn.

For Coroner,
THOMAS SHANLEY,
Of Rock Creek.

For County Surveyor,
E. CLEMENT UREN,
Of Dutch Flat.

CONSTABLE'S SALE.—By Virtue of eight executions to me directed and delivered on the first day of July 1863, issued out of the court of E. B. Boust, a Justice of the Peace in and for Township No. 4, Placer county, California, upon eight judgments rendered on the 15th day of May, 1862, in the court of H. Fellows, who was then an acting Justice of the Peace, in and for Township No. 4, county and State aforesaid, one judgment in favor of Jacob G. Doublebiss, and against Joseph Dorenbach, William Peineman and Charles Dorenbach, for the sum of eighty-three dollars, and for costs of suit taxed at nineteen dollars. Also, one judgment in favor of John Pizanti and against Josepe Dorenbach, William Peineman and Charles Dorenbach, for the sum of one hundred and sixty dollars, and for costs taxed at nineteen dollars. Also, one judgment in favor of Edmund Dickman and against Joseph Dorenbach, William Peineman and Charles Dorenbach for the sum of two hundred dollars, and for costs of suit taxed at nineteen dollars. Also one judgment in favor of George Hahn and against Joseph Dorenbach, William Peineman and Charles Dorenbach for the sum of fifty-four dollars, and for costs of suit taxed at nineteen dollars. Also, one judgment in favor of John Webber and against Joseph Dorenbach, William Peineman and Charles Dorenbach for the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars, and for costs of suit taxed at nineteen dollars. Also one judgment in favor of Frederick Bondware and against Joseph Dorenbach, William Peineman and Charles Dorenbach for the sum of two hundred dollars, and for costs of suit taxed at nineteen dollars. Also, one judgment in favor of John Tinkan and against Joseph Dorenbach, William Peineman and Charles Dorenbach for the sum of ninety-four twoty-five one-hundredths dollars, and for costs of suit taxed at nineteen dollars All of which said and described judgments were transferred by the judgment creditors to E. L. Bradley on the 22nd day of May A. D. 1862, and by virtue of said executions I have this day levied upon as the property of the said Joseph Dorenbach, William Peineman and Charles Dorenbach, and will expose at public sale to the highest bidder, for cash, on the premises near the town of Dutch Flat.

On Friday, 24th day of July, A. D. 1863,

at the hour of ten o'clock, A. M., all the right, title, interest and claim which the said defendants Joseph Dorenbach, William Peineman and Charles Dorenbach had on the 15th day of MAY A. D. 1862, or have since acquired in and to the following described property, to-wit: One mining claim known as the "Yankee company's" claim, lying, being and situate on Thompson Hill in the Dutch Flat Mining District, Township No. 4, Placer county, California, and bounded on the west by the Union and Star company's claims; on the north by the Young America company's claim; on the east by the Blue Cut company's claim, and on the south by the Dutch Flat Ravine, said claim fronting on Dutch Flat Ravine one hundred and fifty-five feet, and running back into the hill the distance of four hundred and thirty-four feet, together with the cabins, sluice boxes, tunnels, penstocks, hose, hose pipe, mining tools, water rights and privileges, and all the fixtures and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining.

All of which said and described property I shall sell as aforesaid, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy the above judgments together with the costs due and to become due thereon.

HENRY GOODING,
Sheriff of Placer County.
Sheriff's Office, Auburn, July 23, 1863.–3w.
Hale & Anderson, Plaintiffs Attorneys.

PICTURE GALLERY!

NEARLY OPPOSITE THE THEATRE.

THE UNDERSIGNED INFORMS THE ladies and gentlemen of Dutch Flat and vicinity that having made improvements in the art, he is now prepared to take likenesses in any manner desired.

Ambrotypes and Photographs!

taken to order. Those desirous of sending their likenesses to the "Old Folks at Home" have now an opportunity. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction.

O. B. SILVER.
May 28, 18 63.–tf.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By Virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered, on the 16th day of July A. D. 1863, issued out of the Honorable District Court of the 11th Judicial District for the County of Placer and State of California, on a judgment rendered in said Court, on the 20th day of May A. D. 1862, in favor of E. L. Bradley and against the Yankee mining company, composed of Jos. Dorenbach and Wm. Pineman, for the sum of thirty-five hundred and forty-eight ($3,548 00) dollars, with interest upon the sum of thirty five hundred and forty-eight ($3,548 00) dollars, from the 19th day of May A. D. 1862, at the rate of one per cent. per month and for costs of suit taxed at ten ($10 00) dollars, I have levied upon and will expose to public sale, to the highest bidder for cash, at the Court House door, in the town of Auburn,

On Thursday, August 13th, A. D. 1863.

at the hour of 10 o'clock, A. M., all the right, title, interest and claim which the said Yankee mining company had on the 20th day of May A. D. 1862, or which they have since that time acquired of, in and to the following described property, to-wit: One certain mining claim known as the Yankee company's claim, lying and being situated on Thompson Hill in the Dutch Flat mining district, Township No. 4, Placer county, California, and bounded on the West by the Union and Star company's claims, on the North by the Young America company's claim, on the East by the Blue Cut company's claim, and on the South by the Dutch Flat Ravine, said claim fronting on Dutch Flat Ravine one hundred and fifty five feet, and running back into the hill the distance of four hundred and thirty-four feet, together with the cabins, sluice boxes, tunnels, penstocks, hose, hose pipe, mining tools, water rights and privileges, and all the fixtures and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining.

All of which named and described property I shall sell as aforesaid, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy the above judgment, together with the costs due and to become due thereon.

HENRY GOODING,
Sheriff of Placer County.
Sheriff's Office, Auburn, July 23, 1863.–3w.
Hale & Anderson, Plaintiffs Attorneys.

R. H. McDONALD, J. C. SPENCER.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
SACRMENTO, CAL.
Wholesale Drug Importing House
R. H. McDONALD & Co.,
NEW YORK CITY.

The increasing business of our establishment, together with the wants of the trade, have made it necessary to establish a house in the city New York. Our R. H. McDonald is now in that city, and from the facilities for purchasing, shipping, etc., which we now have, we feel confident that we can supply the trade at much lower rates than heretofore.

WE INVITE ATTENTION TO OUR LARGE and carefully selected stock of superior

Drugs and Medicines,	Retorts and Crucibles,
Chemicals of all kinds,	Druggists' Glassware,
Solid and Fluid Extracts,	Brewers' Stock,
Shakers' Herbs,	Soda Water Material,
Eclectic Preparations,	Paints and Oils,
Patent Medicines,	Kerosene and Coal Oils,
Fancy Goods,	Lard and Sperm Oils,
Trusses & Shoulder Br's,	Camphene & burning fluid
Abdominal Supporters,	Alcohol in Tin,
Assayers' Materials,	

Together with a complete assortment of all articles in the Drug line. We do not intend to be under sold by any house in California. Orders respectfully solicited and goods forwarded to all parts of the Pacific coast and country.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Importing Druggists, Sacramento.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., NEW YORK

The undersigned offer for sale.

300 Carboys Oil Vitrol, "Eastern;"
3000 lbs Nitric Acid, strong;
1500 lbs Citric Acid;
2000 lbs Muriatic Acid;
3000 lbs Powdered Tartaric Acid, best;
50 casks super Carb Soda;

500 ozs Sulph Quinine,	700 doz Wright's Pills
100 ozs Strychnine, pure	20 gross Brandreth's Pills
75 Sulph Morphine,	100 gross Moffat's, Ayer's
100 lbs Iodide Potassa	Jayne's, Lee's and
125 lbs Chloroform	McLane's Pills
106 lbs Calomel	100 doz Myer's Sarsaparilla & Yellow Dock,
1000 lbs Spts Nit and Aq Ammonia	100 doz Lyon's Katharion
600 lbs Balsam Copaiba	500 Jules Hanles & Co.'s
750 lbs Gum Arabic, white	Extracts, Oils, Colognes, &c.
2000 lbs Flors Sulphur	
600 lbs Oil Lemon Bergamot	70 boxes Castile Soap genuine
3300 gallons Kerosine Oil	90 Cases best Olive Oil
1100 galls pure Lard Oil in tins	3000 lbs Sal Soda
800 galls Camphene	60 bbls Resin
1600 galls Alcohol, 95 per cent., in tins	100 bbls Plaster Paris
1100 galls Linseed Oil	40 bbls Marble Dust
1000 galls Neatsfoot Polar and China Nut Oil	20 bbls Whiting
800 galls Castor Oil	3000 lbs Shakers' Herbs, fresh
Origanum, Peppermint	400 lbs pure Ground Sage fresh
Sprue and Almonds	1000 lbs pressed Hops in ¼ ½ and 1lb papers
Paint Brushes	2500 lbs Borax
White-wash Brushes	3000 lbs assorted Paints in cans
Hair Brushes,	One ton of Putty in bladders and cans
Tooth Brushes	20 bbls Dye woods
Feather Dusters	Varnishes of all kinds
10 bbls refined Lampblack	
20 bbls Irish Moss	
10 cases Isinglass;	
25 bbls Canary, Hemp, Flax and Coriander seeds.	

In quantities to suit, all at the lowest prices. Orders respectfully solicited.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Importing and Wholesale Druggists,
Sacramento.
R. H McDONALD & CO., NEW YORK.

DENTAL

IMPORTING HOUSE.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
SACRAMENTO,
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
NEW YORK.

WE respectfully invite the attention of the Dental Profession to our large and complete assortment of dental goods, the following comprising a part only:

Plain and Pivot Teeth,	Ivory Handled Pluggers and Scalers,
Gum Teeth, large assort't	Steel and Wire Handled Pluggers and Scalers,
Teeth for Vulcanite work	Excavators, burrs & drills
gum & plain, great variety	Screws, Pruncher, Hooks,
Jones & White's gold foil,	Brushes and Carundum
Abbey & Son's Gold Foil,	Wheels,
Watt's Crystal Foil and	Grind Stones and Polish
Sponge Gold,	Powders,
Tin Foil and Platina plate	Lathes,
Gold Plate and Solder,	Mouth Mirrors, different
Dental chairs & head rests	patterns.
Forceps, a large variety,	
Files of all kinds,	

DENTAL CASES.

Chevalier's Best, containing a large number of Instruments, Mouth Mirrors, etc. Cases made of mahogany, brass bound, with drawers, etc., all complete. Price according to size and style—from $75 to $175, each.

Anatomical Preparations.

Consisting of Upper and lower Maxillaries, carved exhibiting Nerves on one side and Artery and Vein on the other. Head, with carved Jaw, exposing fangs of Teeth, 32 in number.

Vulcanizers, Vulcanite Teeth, Rubber and everything for doing vulcanite work in the latest and most approved styles, together with nearly everything used by Dentists, all of which we shall sell at very low prices, and respectfully solicit Dentists to call and examine and price our goods.

Goods packed with care and forwarded, by express or otherwise, to all parts of the Pacific coast.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists, Sacramento, Cal.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., New York.

Trusses, Supporters, Etc.

Gum Stockings, Shoulder Braces, Abdominal Supporters, Suspensary Bandages, Silk Elastic Bandages for Ladies. A very large assortment of articles in this line. For sale by

R. H. McDONALD & CO., Sacramento.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., New York.

BREWERS' STOCK.

Fresh Hops, Irish Moss, Burgundy Pitch, Keg Corks. Everything in this line of the best quality. For sale upon reasonable terms.

20 bales Hops just received by Express.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.

SODA WATER MATERIAL.

Corks, Acids, Essential Oils, Whiting, Marble Dust, Soda Twine. Everything in the line.
For sale by R. H. McDONALD & CO.

Assayer's Material.

Crucibles, Retorts, Acids, and a general supply of all articles in this line.

ECLECTIC MEDICINES.

We are constantly receiving per express, additional supplies from the manufactories.

TILDON'S SUGAR COATED PILLS, of nearly all the concentrated Medicines, put up in bottles.
For sale by R. H. McDONALD & Co.,
Sacramento.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., New York.

PERFUMERY.

We are constantly receiving articles in this line, direct from Foreign and American manufactories.
For sale by R. H. McDONALD &CO.

PAINTS, OILS AND VARNISHES.

Brushes, Feather Dusters, Zinc White, Fire Proof Paint, Linseed Oil, Boiled and Raw. For sale by
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

COAL AND KEROSENE OILS.

Burning Fluid, Lamp Oil, Neats-foot Oil, Lard Oil, Camphene. Knowing the difficulty in procuring a good article, so necessary for brilliant light, we have taken extra pains to import them of the best quality, and can supply our customers with a superior article.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Sacramento.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., New York.

Patent Medicines.

We are agents for the following known Medicines and offer them at REDUCED PRICES:

Sands Sarsaparilla,	Jaynes Sanative Pills,
Ayers Sarsaparilla,	Jaynes Ague Pills,
Myers Sarsaparilla and Yellow Dock,	Ayers Pills,
	Moffats Pills,
Jaynes Expectorant,	Cheesmans Pills,
Jaynes Alterative,	Tildens Fluid Extracts,
Jaynes Hair Tonic,	Tildens Sugar Coated pills
Ayers Pectoral and Ague cure,	Tilden's Pearls of Ether and Chloroform,
Wistar's Bals Wild Cherry	Moffats Phœnix Bitters,

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
SACRAMENTO.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
NEW YORK.
jul8-tf

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OLIVE LODGE, No. 81, I. O. O. F., hold their regular meetings on Wednesday evening of each week.

Brothers in good standing are cordially invited.

W. C. RICHMOND, N. G.
J. T. MATHEWSON, Rec. Sec. jal-6m

POST-OFFICE HOURS.

Open from 7 A. M., to 9 P. M. Mail closes daily at 9 o'clock, P. M.

Office open on Sundays from 8 o'clock, A. M., to 10 A. M., and one hour in the evening on the arrival of the mail.

C. B. PLUMMER, P. M.

A SURE THING.—Dr. J. C. Young, upon the receipt of one dollar, will send to any part of California, Nevada Territory, Oregon, or Washington Territory, a prescription, with full and complete directions, that will secure the possessor against the possibility of any Private Complaints. Very simple, very safe, and very sure. It cannot fail in its action.

Having been very successful in his profession, and accumulated a fortune in the State, the Doctor wishes to devote his time to the interests of mankind generally, and to the rising generation in particular, that they may come into the world at least, blessed with pure and uncontaminated blood, a good constitution, a fortune in itself, and perfectly free from that Scourge of the Age, Hereditary Venereal. He is thus induced to offer his valuable prescriptions for an amount simply sufficient to cover absolute expenses.

Dr. J. C. Young has practised in this city for upwards of thirteen years, and his constant success has qualified him to prescribe remedies that are positive in curing and preventing any form of the venereal. He offers his success as a guarantee, and pledges his professional reputation upon the efficacy of the articles administered.

Address, (enclosing one dollar, with stamp to pay return postage,) Dr. J. C. Young, 615 Commercial street, opposite the Mint, San Francisco.

N. B.—Those already afflicted are referred to the Doctor's advertisement in another column, in which he pledges himself, by his motto, *no cure, no pay*, to fulfill his obligations. Read and consider.

NEW CASH STORE,

Main Street, above Stockton.

A. H. DAVIS HAVING PURCHASED THE entire stock of goods of Messrs. H. C. Harvey & Co., would invite the attention of all to the fact that he is prepared to furnish all articles in his line at prices that cannot fail to satisfy. Buying for cash he is enabled to sell at reduced rates for cash. An excellent assortment of

GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
CROCKERY,
PRESERVES,
LIQUORS,
GRAIN, &c.,

Of the purest quality will be constantly kept on hand, and sold as

CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST!

The subscriber hopes by strict attention to business and fair dealing to receive a portion of the patronage. Goods packed to Order, free.
May 21-tf

A. HOWARD. CHARLEY THOMAS.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
EUROPEAN STYLE.

(FORMERLY THE ANTELOPE)
MAIN, ABOVE STOCKTON STREET.

THE PROPRIETORS, OLD RESIDENTS OF of Dutch Flat, and experienced in the Hotel and Restaurant business, take pleasure in announcing to the public generally, that they have opened the above place and intend keeping it in pure city style, and trust their efforts will meet with public favor. This house will be kept open day and night.

Meals served at all hours.

Boarders taken by the Week, Day or Single Meal.

N. B. The patrons of our house can rest assured that no trouble or expense will be spared in furnishing all the delicacies in their season, viz:

Fresh Vegetables, Daily.
Fresh and prepared Fruits.
Fresh Oysters and Clams,

from the shell or cooked in any style desired.

Green Turtle, Turkey, Pigeon, Chicken, Quail, Partridge, Hare, Squirrel, etc.,

all of which will be furnished in as good style as can be found in the State.

Don't forget the place, opposite Harvey & Hooper's old stand, Main street. You will always be sure to get your money's worth.

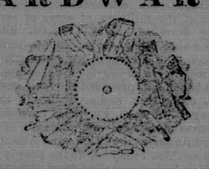
HOWARD & THOMAS.
April 2.–3m

WM. H. HILLHOUSE,

Will constantly keep on hand all kinds of

HARDWARE!

STOVES, STOVES,



TINWARE, &c., &c.,

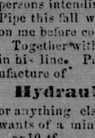
Something Just Received of Great Importance to Miners!

The subscriber takes this early opportunity of announcing to the "Honest Miners," that he is prepared to furnish Iron, Hydraulic Pipe and fixtures, as expeditiously and on as reasonable terms, (per lb. or foot, or any other way), as "any other man." All persons intending to fit up their Claims with Iron Pipe this fall will consult their interests by calling on me before contracting elsewhere.

Together with a general assortment of all articles in his line. Particular attention paid to the manufacture of

Hydraulic Pipe, Hose Pipe!

or anything else pertaining to his business, or the wants of a mining community, at reasonable rates.
ap10-tf



LIVERY
AND
STAGE STABLE.
Sacramento street, Dutch Flat.

THOMAS MORRIS,.....PROPRIETOR.

HAVING THE LARGEST AND MOST convenient Stable in the place, offers superior accommodations to Teamsters and the traveling public. An extensive Wagon Yard is connected with the establishment.

Horses to let on Livery.

Animals stabled, boarded and groomed by the day, week or month, at reasonable rates.
49-tf

CALIFORNIA STAGE LINE.

From Dutch Flat to Auburn Station.

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE, the Coaches of the "California Stage Company" will leave Dutch Flat daily, at 3½ A. M., for Sacramento, connecting with the cars of the Sacramento, Placer & Nevada Railroad Co., at Auburn station at 10½ A. M., and arriving at Sacramento at 1¼ P. M., same day, connecting with the boats for San Francisco. Returning, leaves Sacramento at 6½ A. M., daily, connecting with the coaches at Auburn station at 9 A. M., arriving at Dutch Flat at 5½ P. M.

This line connects at Auburn with the coaches for Forest Hill, Todd's Valley, Yankee Jim's and Michigan Bluffs; at Illinoistown, with coaches for Iowa Hill. Through tickets for all these points can be procured at the Stage office "What Cheer House," Sacramento; also, at the offices in the above named places for Sacramento or Folsom.

Passengers by this line can rely upon receiving every attention necessary for *safety, speed* and *comfort*.
August 6, 1863.—tf.

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOUIS GROSS.....C. B. PLUMMER.....J. H. BOKE

GROSS, PLUMMER & BOKE,

DEALERS IN

Stationery, Blank, School, and Miscellaneous Books,

Choice Brands of Tobacco and Cigars, Genuine and Imitation Meerschaum Pipes,
CUTLERY,
PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES,
FRUIT,
CONFECTIONERY,
MUSIC,
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,
CAMPHENE,
COAL OIL,
LAMPS,
YANKEE NOTIONS,
NEWSPAPERS,
MAGAZINES,
PERIODICALS, &c.

Subscriptions or advertisements received for any of the Sacramento or San Francisco papers.

Post Office, Main Street,

Store formerly occupied by L. Gross.
DUTCH FLAT, May 10, 1862.—tf.

GEORGE W. HEPPARD,
House Sign and Ornamental PAINTER,
MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.

Every description of work executed in the best style. Orders respectfully solicited and promptly attended to. ap3-tf

PLACER BREWERY.
BOOMERANG.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED this well known establishment and favorite resort, will hereafter keep it in the best style having always on hand the best

Wines and Liquors!

Cigars and fresh brewed lager. By strict attention to business and accommodation to customers he hopes to obtain a share of public patronage. Call and see me.
March 13th, 1862.—tf J. F. MEYER.

BED ROCK SALOON,
MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT,
GEO. L. SLOCUMB,..... .....Proprietor.

KEEP CONSTANTLY on hand the finest

Wines, Brandies, Cigars

and playing cards in the market, in lots to suit customers. Billiard Balls, Cues and Cue Wafers purchased for customers at lowest city prices.
December 4, 1862.–tf

PLACER BUTCHER SHOP,
Corner of Sacramento and Main streets,
Dutch Flat, Cal.

F. GROHS, DESIRES TO INform the public that he constantly keeps on hand a good assortment of fresh BEEF, PORK, MUTTON and Homemade SAUSAGE, which he sells at the most reasonable rates. Persons at a distance supplied daily.
March 13, 1862—tf

FRESH LARD.

ESPECIAL ATTENTION OF THE CITIZENS of Dutch Flat and vicinity is directed to the fact that I have constantly on hand a large supply of Fresh Lard, which I will furnish to order,

In Can or Leaf,

at the lowest market price for cash.

Hotel keepers, families or miners supplied with the best quality of pork, for packing or corning, in quantities to suit, by immediate application to
Jan. 1.–tf F. GROHS, Placer Market.

Dutch Flat Saw Mill.

THE ABOVE SAW MILL being the oldest established mill now in operation in the vicinity of Dutch Flat, having been lately repaired, is now capable of cutting lumber equal to the most celebrated mills in Placer county. We have on hand a general assortment of seasoned and green lumber, hard and soft lumber, and having

Reduced the Prices!

to correspond with the times, will sell as LOW if not a *little* lower than any other Saw Mill in this vicinity.

We are now receiving in the yard a large and superior lot of saw logs, and can fill orders for lumber with dispatch of all usual dimensions, varying in length from 10 to 30 feet.

Being situated within a few hundred yards of Dutch Flat, and convenient to most of the valuable mining claims, offer superior inducements to

Miners and Builders

Who will find it to their interest to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.
Lumber delivered to any point within ten miles. ALLEN TOWLE.
Dutch Flat, June 24th, 1860. tf

GEO. RANDOLPH, HENRY BRINKMAN.

RANDOLPH & BRINKMAN'S
FASHIONABLE
HAIR DRESSING SALOON
AND
Barber Shop.
Next Door below the Post Office, Main Street, Dutch Flat.

THE PROPRIETORS RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Dutch Flat and vicinity, or strangers visiting this place, that they cannot be excelled in

Hair Dressing,
Hair Cutting,
Shampooing and Shaving,

by any artists on the Pacific slope, and guarantee entire satisfaction to all who favor them with their patronage. November 20.–tf

SAFES! SAFES!

F. TILLMAN,

No. 90 BATTERY STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

SOLE Agent for TILTON & McFARLAND'S celebrated Fire Proof and Burglar Safes. This Safe is well known in the market for its unsurpassed fire-proof quality, having withstood in California, as well as in the East, the hottest fires known. We can refer to endless certificates from parties in our mining towns, where these Safes have been subject to the most severe tests of its fire-proof qualities. The Safes are secured by our Combination Lock. This Lock is in every respect the most secure one in use; it requires the key and combination to open the Safe. If the key should be abstracted from the owner, it would be perfectly useless to the possessor without his knowing the combination, or mental key, which the owner carries in his head. To those in want of a reliable Safe we offer the above cheaper than any other in the market.

A large assortment on hand and to arrive.
6m F. TILLMAN, 90 Battery st.

THOMAS BOYCE'S
ADVERTISING AGENCY,

North-east corner of Montgomery and Washington streets, San Francisco. Agent for the following papers:

ENQUIRER, Dutch Flat.
Butte Record, Oroville,
Republican, Shasta,
Sierra Citizen, Downieville,
Tribune, San Jose,
Placer Herald, Auburn,
Union Democrat, Sonora,
San Andreas Independant,
Amador Sentinel, Jackson,
Mountain Messenger, La Porte,
Crescent City Herald,
Mariposa Democrat,
Pacific Sentinel, Santa Cruz,

BLANKS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION FOR sale at the ENQUIRER OFFICE.

GEO. JOHNSTON. HARDY & GARRISON

JOHNSTON & CO.,
Forwarding and Commission MERCHANTS,
AND DEALERS IN
California Produce
Auburn Station, Placer Co.

Mark your goods "J. & CO., Auburn Station." Send receipts to Johnston & Co. mar26,–3m

ALEXANDER BUSWELL,
PRACTICAL BOOKBINDER,
Paper Ruler and Blank Book Manufacturer,
517 Clay and 214 Commercial streets,
Between Montgomery and Sansome
San Francisco.

Binding of every description neatly executed Blank Books Rule and Bound to any desired Pattern
Aug. 21, 1862–1y.

IN TIME OF HEALTH

PREPARE FOR SICKNESS.—It is preposterous to think that because we are in health, disease will never overtake us. How many have gone forth in the morning and returned home to lay down upon beds of sickness for months! We would remind our readers, that, for a family medicine, nothing can equal SCOVILL'S BLOOD AND LIVER SYRUP. Of Humors it is a sure exterminator. Scrofula and Cancer, Rheumatism and Neuralgia, are all cured by this magical remedy. REDINGTON & CO., Agents, 416 and 418 Front street, San Francisco. dec1-6m

DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS IS HIGHLY RECOMMENDED BY CITIZENS WHOSE NAMES AND RESIDENCES WILL BE FOUND IN THE PAMPHLETS, GIVING EVIDENCE OF ASTONISHING CURES OF CONSUMPTION, BY USING THIS MEDICINE GIVE IT A TRIAL. REDINGTON & CO. AGENTS, 416 AND 418 FRONT STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

COLDS! COUGHS!!

Brown's Bronchial Troches

Cure Cough, Cold, Hoarseness, Influenza, any Irritation or Soreness of the Throat, relieve the Hacking Cough in Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma and Catarrh, clear and give strength to the voice of

PUBLIC SPEAKERS and SINGERS.

Few are aware of the importance of checking a Cough or "SLIGHT COLD" in its first stage; that which in the beginning would yield to mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" are a most valuable article, especially so at this season of the year, when *Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Influenza, Hoarseness* and *Sore Throat* are so prevalent. The Troches give sure and almost immediate relief. Sold by all Druggists in the United States, at 25 cents a box.

REDINGTON & CO.,
Nos. 416 and 418 Front streets,
dec4-6m San Francisco, General Agents.

ESTABLISHED 1760

PETER LORILLARD,
Snuff & Tobacco Manufacturer
16 & 18 CHAMBERS ST.,
(Formerly 42 Chatham Street, New York.)

Would call the attention of Dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz:

BROWN SNUFF.

Macaboy,	Demigros,
Fine Rappee,	Pure Virginia,
Coarse Rappee,	Nachitoches,
American Gentleman,	Copenhagan,

YELLOW SNUFF.

Scotch,	Honey Dew Scotch,
High Toast Scotch	Fresh Honey Dew Scotch,
Irish High Toast, or Lundyfoot,	Fresh Scotch.

ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE LARGE RED CTION IN PRIZES OF FINE CUT CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCOS, WHICH WILL BE FOUND OF A SUPERIOR QUALITY.

TOBACCO.

| S

ATTEMPT TO SOUND NIAGARA RIVER.—The gentleman who has been trying the experiment of sounding the river Niagara below the falls writes that another attempt has been made with a similar iron of about ten pounds weight, attached to a number 11 wire, all freely suspended, so as not to impede the fall of the weight. He then let the weight fall from the bridge, at the height of two hundred and twenty-five feet. It struck the surface fairly, with the point down, and must have sunk to some depth, but was not longer out of sight than one second, when it made its appearance on the surface, about one hundred feet down the stream, and skipped along like a chip until it was checked by the wire. He then commenced hauling slowly, which made the iron bounce like a ball, when a cake of ice struck it and ended the sport. He is satisfied that no metal has sufficient specific gravity to pierce that current, even with a momentum of two hundred and twenty-five feet. The velocity of the iron when striking must have been equal to one hundred and twenty-four feet per second, and consequently its momentum was nearly five thousand pounds. Its surface exposed to the current was about fifty superficial inches. This will give an idea of the strength of that current, and at the same time a hint at the Titan forces that have been to work to scoop out the bed of the Niagara river. The Niagara will never yield its secret to man.

THE CARIBOO REGION.—From a private letler, says the S. F. Call, dated Williams' Creek, (in the Cariboo country,) June 4th, we are permitted to extract the following:

There is a large amount of gold dust on this Creek now ready for shipment. I believe I am safe in saying there are several tuns, which has all been taken out this spring, and you may expect to hear of some large shipments of treasure from Cariboo this Summer. The snow is almost all gone, and the weather getting warm. Laborers find steady employment at twelve dollars per day, and there is plenty of work for as many more. Provisions are very high and getting scarce, as no pack trains have arrived yet on account of the snow on the mountains. Trains will probably be able to reach here by the 20th of this month. I will give you the price of a few articles in the provision line, and then you can imagine how much it costs to live here: Flour, $1 to $1 15 per pound; Beans, $1 per pound; Bacon, $1 75 per pound; Coffee, $2 50 per pound; Butter, $3 50 per pound; Beef, 50 cents per pound; Dried Apples, $3; Rice, $1 50; and other articles in portion. Gum Boots, $25 per pair; Blanket, $25 to $30, and not much larger than a newspaper at that. This is a h—ll of a country, and ought to be roofed over and fenced in, to keep the rain, snow and frost out, and then I think it would be safe to winter here, which I am thinking now of doing, as the trip down and up is very unpleasant, besides very hxpensive.

THERE is said to be a great increase of travel on all the routes leading from Massachusetts to the Provinces since the names of the drafted men have been published. According to a statement in the Boston Advertiser, more than one thousand drafted men have left Boston for parts unknown.

A YOUNG lady in a class studying physiology made answer to a question put, that in six years a human body became entirely changed, so that not a particle which was in it would remain at the close of it. "Then, Miss L——," said the young tutor, "in six years you will cease to be Miss L——." "Why, yes, Sir, I suppose so," said she, very modestly looking at the floor.

"MY dear madam, can you give me a glass of grog?" said a fatigued traveler in Arkansas, as he entered a cabin on the road-side.

"I ain't got a drop, stranger," replied the woman.

"But a gentleman told me you had a barrel."

"Why, good gracious," replied the woman, "what do you reckon one barrel of whiskey is to me and my children, when we out of milk!"

PLATFORM

ADOPTED BY THE DEMOCRACY OE PLACER CO.

WHEREAS, All just powers of government are derived from the people; that this principle is recognized as fundamental by all American Constitutions and by the Democratic party, therefore

Resolved, That as Democrats we desire above all things else a restoration of the Union of these States under the Constitution of our Fathers; that we know of no such right as the right of secession; that Democracy recognizes no such dogma in her political creed, and has no sympathy or feeling in common with it.

Resolved, That as Democrats we at all times feel bound by our Democracy to give, and we will give, a free and unhesitating support to our Federal Government in whatever hands the reins of that Government may be, to assist its every constitutional effort to suppress rebellion and sustain itself from the assaults of its enemies, let them come from whatever quarter they may; and while we do so, we believe it is our right and our duty to watch with jealous care the rights of ourselves and of the people, and we reserve the right to condemn, and we will condemn that which our consciences as free men cannot approve. And if any party in power denies to us this right of conscience, we believe that party dangerous to the liberty of the people and shall never have our support.

Resolved, That the taking up arms against the government of the United States, as was done in the existing rebellion in the slave holding States is a paramount wrong beyond all justification, and for which no reasonable protext can ever be pointed out. And while we cannot endorse the policy of the Administration, we conceive no right of rebels anywhere to complain thereof, until they have ceased to rebel—peace is restored; and having obtained pardon for treason, they come to claim their rights as law abiding citizens under the constitution and the laws.

Resolved, That the Constitution with its guarantees, is the only safeguard to the rights of the people; that we prefer to trust it as the production of the mature wisdom and patriotism of its framers rather than the hasty and excited impulses of party rulers; that any departure from it, be the excuse what it may, will meet our constant opposition at the ballot-box. That the plea of expediency is no just excuse for open violation of this Constitution, and in our opinion, is not only wrong but tends to weaken and destroy the union of these States and render the hope of its reconstruction impossible.

Resolved, That we denounce the principles of Southern Secession and Northern Abolitionism as twin heresies, producing only hatred, strife and bloodshed; threatening the very existence of our National Government; at enmity with every principle of Democratic Government and responsible for all the miseries of our distressed country.

Resolved, That we utterly condemn and repudiate the policy recommended by the President of taxing the white men of the free States, in addition to the enormous burdens imposed by the war, hundreds of millions of dollars to purchase and set free the negroes of the South, as wholly without warrant in the Constitution, unjust and visionary.

Resolved, That we unqualifiedly condemn the late Proclamation of the President relative to emancipation, as unwarranted by the Constitution, in violation of the solemnly-plighted faith of the Administration at the commencement of the war, and if persisted in, fatal to all hopes of a restored Union.

Resolved, That while remembering with pride the courage and gallantry of our soldiers now in the field, we tender our sympathy to the friends of those who have fallen in the defence of the Constitution and the Union.

Resolved, That the people justly view with alarm the reckless extravagance which pervades every department of the Federal Government; that a return to rigid economy and accountability indispensable to arrest the systematic plunder of the public treasury by favored partisans.

Resolved, That by the corruptions developed in the late Legislature of this State, by reckless expenditures and appropriations, by proscriptive and partizan legslation and by an evident intention to elevate the negro to citizenship, the party in power in California have shown itself unworthy of public confidence.

Resolved, That relying implicitly upon the soundness and integrity of the principles above set forth, and upon the justice and intelligence of the masses, we present this platform to the people of Placer county, and earnestly invoke the active support of all in its vindication and success, cordially inviting to a full and equal communion all those of whatever creed who recognize the justice of our cause in the doctrines we profess, and who desire to participate in their triumph.

MISCELLANEOUS ADVRETISEMENTS.

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This celebrated preparation has stood the test of six years with the California public—who are justly considered as a community the most intelligent in the world—during which period we are proud to say it has given more than satisfaction;—it has become the household remedy for Californians particularly, who, from much exposure, bad food, imperfect shelter and irregular habits, suffer more from

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FEMALES

in delicate health would do well to try the virtues of this remedy, as it insures a peculiar beneficial influence upon the vascular system not obtained by any other remedy. It quickly removes from the blood and other fluids the impurities of unhealthy secretions, which engenders a long train of diseases, such as Scrofula, Ulcers, Boils, Blotches and Pimples on the face and body, Humors, Pustules, Sores, Tumors, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Scald Head, Swelled Neck, Liver Complaint, Lumbago, Chronic Sore Eyes, Gout, Cancer, Enlargement of the Ovaries, and diseases of the Heart, are cured by the renovating action of this truly valuable medicine. It acts like a charm, purifying the blood of all morbid and corrupt matter, and at the same time strengthens and invigorates the whole system.—Salt Rheum will positively yield to the medical powers of this remedy, in conjunction with Hall's Rosemary Cerate, it has cured cases of over twenty years standing, the disease covering nearly the whole surface of the body.

MERCUIAL DISEASES

and all diseases arising from lead, mercury, and arsenic, such as aching pains in the bones, dimness of sight, low fevers, and worst of all, mercurial Rheumatism, are relieved by one bottlee of this remedy. Night swents, wasting of flesh, spitting of blood, habitual costiveness, and piles—thousands can testify to the efficacy of Hall's Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock and Iodide of Potass in the above named diseases. It increases the appetite and the flesh, gives a healthy tone and vigor to the whole system, building up a new constitution. As the constitution is the blood and this remedy thoroughly purifies, cleanses, and purges it of impure matters, and at the same time stimulates into healthy action the whole Visceral System, which is engaged in the manufacture of the blood, hence the health of the whole system will follow, and a

LONG LIFE

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TO THE PEOPLE OF THE State of California, Oregon, and adjacent Territories:

THE SUBSCRIBER ONE OF YOUR EARLIest citizens of California, and for the most of his time engaged as a Journalist, and particularly of late in a Journal devoted to the chief resources of the Pacific States, respectfully submits the following plan and proposition for the purpose of bringing hither from England, France and Germany the working classes, mechanics artizans, miners, and metallurgists for the purpose of developing the resources of our thinly populated States and Territotories, thereby reducing labor, the establishing of Factories, the occupation of the millions of acres of arrable land now lying dormant, and to work our mines. The benefit accruing to our Government—to the marine conveyances—the merchant—the manufacturer, the mining conveyances and professional community cannot but be beneficial, provided the facilities are offered to such emigrants, and according to the tenor of our laws regarding such. For these purposes the subscriber desires to seek only the necessary or pecuniary aid to take him across the Pacific and Atlantic, so that he may be enabled to lay before the people of Europe a work which he has compiled from authentic sources comprising the mineral wealth of the Pacific States, including partly Mexico, Lower California, British Columbia, &c., together with a synopsis of the climatology, agriculture, arts and manufactures, with interesting statistics of our imports and exports, and population. Also, the organic acts of our State, the local and general laws governing mining, the Preemption Act, and kindred subjects pertaining to the Pacific States. The author reserving for himself the right of translation of this work (which has cost him three years of his time to collect and compile) in the German and French languages.

He contemplates making the tour to the Atlantic States and Europe in February or March 1863, and will equip himself with the mineral materials, fossil remains, &c., and illustrate them by diagrams and discourses throughout the Atlantic States and Europe.

Such a work which your petitioner has in view cannot be published in this State without an extraordinary outlay, nor have we the materials artists, or skill in copperplate or wood engraving. The work will comprise from 400 to 500 pages, to be handsomely illustrated with colored plates, maps, &c, quarto form. The subscriber will add thereto a complete list of all the associations and companies, especially mining companies.

He goes to Europe for the purpose of seeing all the manufacturing places, machines and utensils; also to the leading mining districts and metallurgical establishments, to acquire from the best sources there the best mode of treating our rich minerals, and lay these several important features before our people through the *Mining and Scientific Press*, and the work he hereby offers. But the most important subject in his mission is the inducements he will offer to the Europeans of our immensely rich mining fields and agricultural lands, together with the great advantages offered by a liberal and protective government for industrious citizens.

The Subscriber, therefore, calls upon the citizens in the Pacific States who have the interests of our new States nearest their heart, to aid him in thisgr and but laudable undertaking with means. Each subscriber will be furnished with a copy of this work, which is designed to be useful in the counting house, to the professional man and miner. The author desires to state that whatever aid or subscription he may be furnished with by the people of this State he will refund after the publication of the work, or leave the amount to be taker. out in books.

Respectfully submitted,

JULIUS SILVERSMITH.

December 11, 1862.–tf

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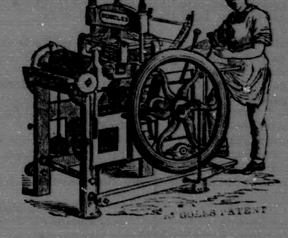

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The husband reads it to his wife, the mother to her children, the lover to his sweetheart, the soldier to his comrades, and the village schoolmaster to the circle around the stove. It is familiar to the sight of every man, woman, and child in our country, and has regular subscribers in several countries of Europe. THE NEW YORK MERCURY is also identified with the grandest patriotism of the age, for several members of its brilliant Staff hold high rank in our noble army, and have made themselves as famous with the Sword as with the Pen. The great illustrating artist of the NEW YORK MERCURY, the inimitable DARLEU, gives the paper the highest attributes of Fine Art; and yet this largest literary weekly of the day promises to surpass itself in all these respects during the New Year!

The first NEW YORK MERCURY Novelette for the New Year, to be commenced in the issue of January 3, 1863, is called

VICTORIA;

OR,

THE HEIRESS OF CASTLE CLIFF.

BY COUSIN MAY CARLETON,

AUTHOR OF "GIPSY GOWER," "SYBIL CAMPBELL," "ERMINE," "LA MASQUE," &c., &c.

The productions of this distinguished authoress need no eulogy. Public opinion has long since pronounced them superior to any other novelettes published on this side of the Atlantic; and the true test of their merit is found in the fact that they are eagerly reproduced, after their publication in the MERCURY, by the English press. We may add that the new tale, "Victoria," is fully equal in interest and depth of plot to either of those which have secured so large a share of public approval, and we can earnestly recommend it to all story-readers.

THE NEW YORK MERCURY is sold by all newsmen and periodical dealers in America. To subscribers, it is regularly mailed every Saturday morning, for $2 a year; three copies for $5; six copies for $9; eight copies for $12, with an extra copy, *free*, to the getter up of the club. Six months' subscriptions received. *Always write plainly the name of your Post Office, County and State.* We take the notes for all solvent banks at par. Payment must invariabaly be made in advance.

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Private Medical and Surgical Establishment.

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Dr. J. C. Young has been a practical specialist for a period of twenty years, and for twelve years on this coast, during which time his private medical and surgical institute has been in uninterrupted successful operation, discharging cured annually upwards of five thousand patients. Cure always guaranteed or no pay required.

Long practice and thorough investigation into the causes of diseases of the urinary organs, enables Dr. Young to determine clearly, and at once, the true nature of the complaint submitted to his care, securing the patient against the dangers of delay liable, and which, alas! too often do arise from mistaken judgment; thus treating the disorder from the start with all the advantage a perfect knowledge gives.

Venereal diseases, of every class and nature, cured in the most perfect, speedy, and permanent manner, without the use of mercury in any form.

Syphilis and its adjuncts, Gonorrhœa and its accompanying diseases; all disorders of the Bladder, Kidneys, and Prostrate; Seminal Weakness; Diseases of the Heart and Lungs; Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Impotency; Incipient Consumption, etc.

Persons afflicted with symptoms after having been treated, should consult Dr. Young at once, as no disease is cured unless the patient feels perfectly well. If there is a particle of disease left in the system, it will break out at some future time when least expected, or be handed down to an innocent offspring.—Persons who have been treated with mercury should be very cautious in believing that they are well for it is a scientific fact that the mercury will mingle with the venereal and form a disease a great deal worse than the original. All those who have reason to think, by bad feelings, that they have been treated thus, should consult Dr. Young, and he will examine their cases and tell them at once how they stand.—Consultation Free.

Of all the above enumerated diseases—terrible in their array, and fearful as they are in their results—the one standing preeminent amongst them for severity and destructive effects, is that most terrible of all diseases, seminal weakness, or spermatorrhœa.

Those who have become the victims of solitary vice, that dreadful, fascinating and destructive habit, which fills thousands of sick rooms with paralytics and consumptives, and hundreds of untimely graves with its misguided victims, should consult, without a moment's delay, one who will sympathize with their sufferings, and cure them for a moderate compensation.

Dr. J. C. Young would especially address himself to such, giving to each and all assurance of a perfect and permanent cure.

The young man who experiences that growing weakness in his muscular and mental organization should stop to consider whence it arises.

He will find in the weakness of the back, trembling of the limbs, disordered digestion, unaccountable failing of the powers of the mind, distaste for society, dread of impending trouble, foreboodings of evil, sleeplessness, troubled and lavicious dreams, accompanied by nocturnal emissions, growing deafness, loss of muscular power, and numerous other symptoms of disorganization, the positive traces of that most terrible and destructive of all diseases, seminal weakness—wasting away his powers, destroying his hope of life and manhood, and dragging him along the broken path of existence towards a premature and loathsome grave.

The intermediate steps between the commencement of this disease and its culmination in that only rest to the uncured victim—death—may be enumerated, loss of muscular power, insanity, impoteney.

To him who finds his life dribbling out in the discharges of the vital principle of existence in nocturnal and diurnal emissions, the mere cessation of the causes of its appearance brings no assurance of relief.

Marriage, that holy office, the safeguard and hope of manhood, brings to such an one no hope of cure, but adds to his misery in the knowledge that the one who looks to him for so much of her happiness, is a victim of his evil and an innocent companion in his punishment. He adds to his misery and his disorder, until hope leaves him.

There is no cure except in proper and skillful treatment. Consult, then, at once, a Physician whom long practice and careful research has made thoroughly conversant with every phase of the disease.

All those who are married, or contemplate marriage, who experience any of the numerous symptoms pronouncing the presence of seminal weakness, should at once place themselves in communication with Dr. J. C. Young, 615 Commercial street, opposite U. S. Branch Mint, either by letter or personal interview, who assures them of a perfect and permanent cure, without danger of exposure or hindrance from business, it being impossible for a man's most intimate companion to discover for what he is being treated.

To those in the Interior of the State,

Who are suffering under any form of Private Disease, whether contracted from impure connections or induced by other causes, DR. YOUNG would directly address himself, informing them that they can be cured without the necessity of a journey to San Francisco.

Diseases of the heart, lungs, and liver. Dr. Young would call the attention of invalids to his course of practice in the above complaints. Throwing aside as worse than useless, as highly injurious, all forms of mercury, the Doctor relies entirely upon the *Vegetable Practice.*

Thousands of testimonials are in his hands indicating the astonishing success he has met with in the treatment of all diseases of the Heart, Lungs and Liver, on a purely Vegetable basis. The treatment calls for no confinement to the house, absence from business, nor change in diet.

The same success has marked his treatment of all Diseases of the Blood and Skin.

Invalids should address at once, (consultation free) DR. J. C. YOUNG, 165 Commercial street, opposite the Mint, San Francisco.

TO LADIES

Desirous of the advice of a Physician upon the diseases peculiar to their sex, should select one whose reputation for *success* and *skill* warrants him in the assurance of *guaranteeing* to them not only *relief* but perfect *cure.*

DR. J. C. YOUNG

Has been for a series of years a professor of the disorders of Females, and the success attendant upon his treatment has become so well known as to elicit universal approbation.

Ladies who have taken advantage of his skill enjoy *perfect immunity* from a return of their former sufferings.

☞ Communications (by letter or personal interview) perfectly confidential.

Ample Office Accommodations secures the patient against the chance of meeting other than the attendan Physician.

The celebrated Female Remedies, compounded from the private prescriptions of DR. YOUNG, have now obtained a most extended popularity, and are correctly viewed to be the *safest and surest* remedies for the complaints for which they are applied.

The constantly accruing testimonials of their efficacy declare them to be pre-eminently superior in their action.

No Lody should be without these Renovating agents.

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The Doctor would take this occasion to assure those desirous of medical relief, that he has no connection with any other office. He is to be found only at 615 Commercial street, opposite the U. S. Branch Mint, San Francisco, where all letters must be addressed.